2021 County Profile

Carver

36,754 Households TWIN CITIES REGION

Access to safe, affordable homes builds a strong foundation for families and communities. But too many Minnesotans lack good housing optons.



Mirroring the state trend, the price of rent continues to rise and incomes are not keeping up, making it increasingly challenging for renters to make ends meet.

The income for families is not rising at the same pace as home values, making it more difficult for families to purchase and own a home.



RENTER HOUSEHOLDS

18% of all households 6,649

\$943 Median rent, 2000:

\$1,146 Median rent, 2019:

rent up **22%**

Renter income, 2000: \$46,576

Renter income, 2019: \$49,150



6%

Home value, 2000: \$249,676 value up 25% Home value, 2019: \$313,200 Owner income, 2000: \$107,312 income Owner income, 2019: \$115,634

OWNER HOUSEHOLDS

30,105 | **82**% of all households

HOUSING STOCK: While a significant portion of the rental and owner-occupied housing is aging (built before 1970), new construction is not keeping up with demand. Of particular concern is the gap between the number of available units for extremely low income households – and the number of people who need them.

Disparities: Disparaties are stark for BIPOC residents of all 87 counties. Homeownership disparities are above 65% in every county in Minnesota with most over 90%. Costburden is higher for BIPOC renters (53%) than white renters (44%) in the Twin Cities.



% of homes built 16% before 1970

Single-family units permitted in 2019

583



% of rental units built before 1970

21%

Multi-family units permitted in 2019 20

Number of extremely low income households

1,305

Units affordable to extremely low income households

605

Gap between ELI households and units in Carver county

700

Twin Cities	Renter Cost Burden	Severe Renter Cost Burden
White	44%	21%
Black	57%	28%
Indigenous	59%	48%
Hispanic	54%	25%

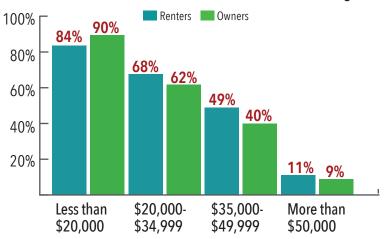
Homeowership in Carver County

BIPOC Homeowners 1,762

6 %
94%

White Homeowners 28,343 7,430 households in Carver County pay more than 30 percent of their income toward housing costs, putting them at risk of being unable to afford basic needs like food and medicine. 2,869 are severely cost-burdened and pay more than 50 percent of their income on housing.

COST BURDEN Percentage of households paying more than 30% of their income toward housing.



Number of households paying more than 30% of their income toward housing

	RENTERS	OWNERS
Under \$20,000	965	936
\$20,000-34,999	666	784
\$35,000-49,999	532	784
Over \$50,000	344	2,419
Seniors	725	1,657
All cost-burdened households	2,507	4,923

SEVERE COST BURDEN Number and percent of households paying more than 50% of their income toward housing.

Severe Renter Cost Burden

of all renter 1,181 households or 19% households Severe Owner Cost Burden

1,688 households or **6%**

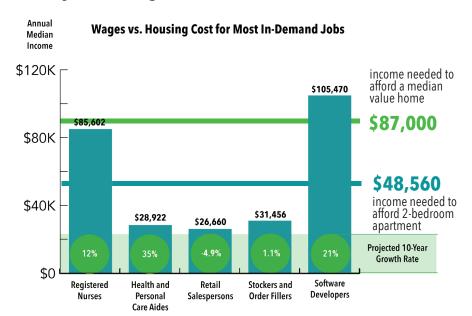
of all owner households

6,763

WAGES: Housing remains a challenge even for Minnesotans who are fully employed. The median earnings for most of the top in-demand and high-growth jobs in the 7 County Metro region do not cover housing costs at an affordable level. Those working at the median wage – and especially those earning the minimum wage – cannot afford a two-bedroom apartment or the mortgage for a median price home.

HOMELESSNESS: In the Twin Cities region, too many families, seniors and children are still suffering the devastating consquences of having no place to call home.

7 County Metro Region Data



Median household income for county \$101,496

Hours / week minimum wage employee must work to afford 1- bd apartment # of homeless on a given night in 2018

Change in homeless since 2000

Number of homeless children

2.277 Number of homeless seniors



SOURCES - Renter households: Rent and income adjusted for inflation. U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey

2019, 5 year estimates | Owner households: Home value and income adjusted for inflation. U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2019, 5 year estimates | Cost burden: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2019, 5 year estimates | ELI Units and Renters: MHP Analysis of HUD's CHAS Portal Data using the NLIHC methodology | Wages: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development (MN DEED), Occupations in Demand, November 2020; Employment Outlook, MN DEED | Housing Stock: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 2019, 5 year estimates, U.S. Census Bureau, Building Permits Survey, 2019 | Homelessness: Wilder Research Center, 2018 Minnesota Homeless Study