The high cost of housing hurts the families who cannot afford it and threatens Minnesota’s long-term viability. Families that must spend 30% or more of their income just on housing are forced to make many tough choices with their remaining dollars: food vs. medicine, clothes vs. savings, etc. This housing cost bind is a reality for 1 in 3 Minnesota households today, and 3 in 5 with an annual income below $50,000.¹

For communities to be strong and stable, housing must be affordable. Workers often face serious challenges finding a home that fits their budget, as the chart above shows. Often, where homes are affordable, working people must travel long distances to reach their place of employment. When this happens, transportation costs can offset savings on housing.

In the Twin Cities area, rents are the highest in the state, leaving most low-income renters unable to find decent, safe housing they can afford. Of the new apartments approved since 2011 by the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul combined, 88% are not being built for lower-income renters, despite the need.³

Since 2000, the median rent in Minnesota rose 8%, while the median renter’s income fell by 14%.⁴

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www.mhponline.org/homes-for-all
Throughout Minnesota, there have been more than 160,000 foreclosures since 2005. Foreclosure rates have slowed, yet 10% of Minnesota mortgage holders owe more on their home than it is worth. Many seniors and low-income neighbors struggle to afford needed home repairs.

Affordable, stable housing is linked to greater success for kids in school and improved health outcomes. It is the foundation for building strong families, neighborhoods and cities.

Homelessness in the Region and Across Minnesota

Minnesota’s progress in combatting long-term and veteran homelessness has been notable, even while more is needed. But families and seniors are experiencing rising homelessness.

14,000 Minnesota’s total estimated homeless population, with over half 21 or under.

32% Growth in Minnesota’s homeless population from 2006 to 2012.

6,711 homeless people were counted in the Twin Cities Metro region on a single night in 2012, including 3,107 children and youth aged 21 or under.

Helping Minnesotans Experiencing Homelessness

Minnesota has been a national leader in fighting homelessness. Due to targeted public investment, the number of homeless veterans declined 13% from 2009 to 2012. Supportive housing, combining housing and services, returns $1.44 to taxpayers for every public dollar invested. A night in the emergency room or jail costs taxpayers far more than supportive housing. State investments help build and preserve housing, the foundation for stable families, strong communities, and a competitive state.