District 21A

Renter Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Median Rent 2013</th>
<th>Median Rent 2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$770</td>
<td>$839</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Change since 2013: 9%

Median rent is an indicator of affordability. If rent is increasingly greatly, that can be an indicator of lack of affordability. In District 21A, rent increased 9% between 2013 and 2018. The district saw the 38th highest rent increase out of 134 districts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Median Renter Income 2013</th>
<th>Median Renter Income 2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$27,862</td>
<td>$30,734</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Change since 2013: 10%

Median renter income is an indicator of what people can afford for rent. If incomes stay flat or decline, it can be an indication that cost burden is increasing. In District 21A, renter income increased 10% between 2013 and 2018. The district ranked 79th of 134 in terms of renter income increase.

Income Needed to Afford Rent: $33,560

The income needed to afford rent -- $33,560 -- is greater than the median renter income in the district. With a gap of $2,826, rent in District 21A is not affordable.

# Cost Burdened Renters

| Renters | 4,401 |

Percent Cost Burdened: 26%

Change since 2013: -4%

Cost-burdened renters pay 30% or more of their income on rent and an estimated 2,022 District 21A residents may have to sacrifice education, food, and medicine to afford a place to live. For highest cost burden, the district ranked 41st.

# Cost Burdened Seniors

| Seniors | 734 |

Senior Cost Burden: 62%

District 21A ranked 46th out of 134 for the percentage of seniors struggling to afford housing.

Severe Cost Burden

| 23% |

Severe cost burden means a family is paying 50% or more of their income on housing. District 21A was the 38th highest of 134.

% Renters that are POCI:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Renters</th>
<th>Owners</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

People of color and indigenous people are more likely to be renters and less likely to own their own home. They are also much more likely to experience cost burden.

Sources


This report was published in February 2020, with data analysis by Gabriela Norton, Research Manager at Minnesota Housing Partnership, with graphics and design by Andy Birkey, MHP Director of Communications and Research. Questions? Contact MHP at info@mhponline.org or 651.925.5544.
HOMEOWNER STATISTICS

In District 21A, median home values have increased in the last 5 years. In terms of home value increase, 21A was ranked 66th out of 134.

In District 21A, homeowner income has increased in the last 5 years. The district ranked 85th out of 134.

INCOME NEEDED TO AFFORD MEDIAN HOME:

$57,240

REGIONAL DATA

Top jobs & income in the Southeast Region*

$33,560 income needed to afford median rent

$57,240 income needed to afford median home

Homelessness in the Southern Region*

Number of Homeless on a given night in 2018 589
Change in Homelessness 2015 to 2018 3%
# of homeless kids 240
# of homeless seniors 41

Without reliable shelter, productive work, progress at school and positive health outcomes are extremely difficult. Just a few decades ago, homelessness didn’t exist – and Minnesota has made strides in recent years, with a 9% reduction from 2012 to 2015.

* MN DEED region and Wilder Foundation region boundaries differ.