A place to call home in Roseau County

Access to safe, affordable homes builds a strong foundation for families and communities. Yet even hard working Minnesotans often lack good housing options.

In Roseau County, 5% of owner and 16% of renter households pay half or more of their income for housing, which places them at-risk for being unable to afford some of their basic needs.1

RENTAL KEY TO VITALITY, BUT IN SHORT SUPPLY

For many, rental is the most sensible or preferred housing option. Seniors may not be able to manage owning a home. Many do not have the savings or credit to qualify for mortgages or are working to pay off debt. Workers relocating for jobs are also likely to need places to rent. About 22% of households in Roseau County are renters.2

A safe, modest 2-bedroom apartment costs $643 per month in Roseau County.3 A family could affordably spend $684 per month on rent at the median renter household income of $27,366.4 By definition, half of the county’s renters earn less than this median and need less expensive housing.

There are now only 56 units affordable and available for every 100 extremely low-income renters in Roseau County.5 The county ranks 32 out of the state’s 87 counties for the most units affordable/available.

In Roseau County, 22% of rental homes were built before 1960.6 Aging rental housing stock often needs repair and can pose safety concerns.

RENTER INCOMES SLOW TO RECOVER

Despite recent improvements in the economy, renter incomes are still below 2000 levels in most Minnesota counties. According to the most recent data available for Roseau County, renter incomes have fallen by 15% since 2000 while rents have fallen by 7%, after adjusting for inflation.7

The median earnings for the TOP FIVE JOBS IN DEMAND in Minnesota do not all cover actual housing costs, the chart above shows.8 Minimum wage workers also fall short.

For vacant positions in Roseau County and counties nearby, the median hourly wage is $14.35 for full time jobs, which corresponds to $29,848 annually at 40 hours/week. Vacant part time jobs pay only $11.14 per hour.9

At the new state minimum wage of $9 per hour, an earner would have to work 55 hours per week to afford the $643 fair market rent for a 2-bedroom apartment in Roseau County, without paying more than 30% of income for housing.10
Minnesotans of all ages are affected by homelessness and unaffordable housing.

An estimated 14,000 Minnesotans were homeless on a given night in 2012. Homelessness increased by 32% statewide from 2006 to 2012.\(^{17}\)

On that given night, 666 people were known to be homeless in the Northwest Region including:
- 195 children with their parents
- 125 youth 21 or younger living on their own
- 68 seniors aged 55+.\(^{18}\)

Unstable housing can hinder children’s development and education.

About half of those experiencing homelessness in Minnesota are age 21 or younger.\(^{19}\)

Homelessness can cause delays in growth and development, as well as problems in school. Housing subsidies have been linked with better nutrition and school success for poor children.

In 2013, 12% of children in Roseau County were living in poverty, up from 8% in 2003.\(^{20}\)

More seniors face housing needs.

The number of seniors living in Minnesota is expected to grow as the Baby Boomer generation ages. In Roseau County, between 2014 and 2030, the number of residents aged 65+ is expected to increase by about 85%; seniors will then make up 26% of the population.\(^{21}\)

Unfortunately, housing cost burden, or paying 30% or more of income for housing, is a serious problem among seniors. Of the 1,415 senior-headed households in Roseau County, about 52% of renters and 20% of owners are currently cost-burdened.\(^{22}\)

Seniors were also among the fastest growing segments of the state’s homeless population between 2009 and 2012.\(^{23}\)

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**SOURCES:**
2. Ibid.
8. MN Occupations in Demand (OID) & OES Wage Data by EDR (Q1 2015), MN DEED; HUD FMRs, 2015; MN DOR Sales Ratio Study, Jan-Sept 2014.