A slow economic recovery and fallout from the foreclosure crisis have made housing difficult for many to afford. Though homes are less expensive in some areas, many owners cannot sell due to excessive debt. Renters often lack the savings or credit needed to buy. Regardless, renting is the best choice for many. High rental demand and rising rents make renters a focus for the 2013 County Profiles.

RENTAL OPTIONS LIMITED

Despite more renters after waves of foreclosures, the supply of places to rent is limited, and often in poor condition. 2007-2011 saw the lowest level of apartment construction statewide in any 5-year period in at least 50 years. In Marshall County, for every 100 extremely low-income renters there are now 103 units that are affordable and available.

Number of Households Impacted

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Household Income</th>
<th>Renters</th>
<th>Owners</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Below $20,000</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$20,00—$34,999</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>169</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$35,00—$49,999</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $50,000</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Proportion of Households Paying 30% or More of Income for Housing, Marshall County

80% Renters, 65% Owners

INCOMES DO NOT COVER COSTS

In most Minnesota counties, renter incomes have fallen. According to the most recent data available, in Marshall County, real renter incomes have risen by 25% while rents have risen by 22% since 2000.

A safe, modest 2-bedroom apartment costs $626 per month in Marshall County. A family could affordably spend $765 per month on rent at the median renter household income of $30,582. By definition, half of the county’s renters earn less than this median, and would need less expensive housing. A minimum wage earner would have to work 66 hours per week to afford the $626 rent for a 2-bedroom apartment.

Thriving places need safe housing that people can afford. Yet some people, especially renters, are being left behind in Marshall County. Renters make up 17% of the county’s households.

The cost of housing now consumes more than half of income for 1 in 7 Minnesota households. In 2000, only 1 in 13 households experienced this level of cost burden.
When parents cannot afford safe housing, kids do not reach their full potential.

Homelessness and poverty are a reality for too many Minnesotans, adults and children alike. 10,214 Minnesotans were found to be homeless on a given night in 2012. Homelessness increased by 32% statewide from 2006 to 2012.¹⁷

Children in the Region

About half of the people experiencing homelessness in Minnesota are 21 or under.¹⁸ Children are especially vulnerable to the impacts of unstable, unaffordable housing and homelessness. Normal growth and development can be stunted, and school performance suffers as a result.

Locally, on a single day in 2012, 666 people were known to be homeless in the Northwest Region. 195 were children with their parents, and 125 were youth through age 21 living on their own.¹⁹

In 2011, 13% of the children in Marshall County were living in poverty, up from 12% in 2001.²⁰

In Marshall County, 6% of owner and 13% of renter households pay half or more of their income for housing. These families must choose between housing, food, medicine, and other basic needs.¹²

EMPLOYMENT OPTIONS

- There are 2.6 job seekers for each vacant job in Marshall County and counties nearby.
- For vacant positions, the median wage is $13.87 for full time and $9.93 for part time jobs.
- The area unemployment rate was 6.7% in May, 2013. This does not include any workers who have quit looking for work.¹¹

HOMEOWNERSHIP & FORECLOSURE

- The median sales price for non-foreclosed homes is about $78,500 in Marshall County, which is a real increase of about 15% since 2006.¹³
- From 2005-2012 in Marshall County, there were 67 foreclosures.¹⁴
- 16% of Minnesota mortgage holders currently owe more on their home than it is worth.¹⁵
- Almost 4% of primary mortgages in Minnesota were delinquent by 60+ days in early 2013, down from 8% in 2009. The average was 1.7% from 1979 to 2004.¹⁶