Housing Affordability in Jackson County

Housing is considered affordable if it consumes less than 30% of a household’s gross income. At higher levels, families must choose between housing and other basic needs and will struggle to weather financial setbacks. In Minnesota, housing costs continue to consume a large portion of families’ income. For many, extended economic hardship is taking a toll.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Household Income</th>
<th>Renters</th>
<th>Home Owners</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of Households Paying 30% or More in Rent</td>
<td>Percent of Households Paying 30% or More in Rent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than $20,000</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>52.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$20,000 – $34,999</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>10.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$35,000 – $49,999</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$50,000 and over</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Income Levels</td>
<td>199</td>
<td>24.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The table above shows the number and percent of households at different income levels that pay 30% or more of household income for rental or ownership costs. It illustrates that the burden of housing costs weighs more heavily on lower-income families.1

Even before the current economic downturn, housing needs were severe. In 2008, 1 in 8 Minnesota households spent at least half of their income on housing, up from 1 in 15 in 2000. Minnesota experienced the fastest increase of extremely cost burdened households of any state in the nation during this time period.2

In 2000, about 79% of Jackson County residents owned their home and 21% were renters. Of these, approximately 11.1% of homeowners and 24.6% of renters in Jackson County spent 30% or more of their household income on housing.3
Lower-income households face extreme affordability challenges.

The chart below compares median earnings across different occupations to the income required to afford housing.4

HOUSING COSTS. In Jackson County, a median-priced home cost $74,000 in 2009, excluding foreclosures. The fair market rent for a two-bedroom apartment was $588 per month in 2010. Since 2001, home prices have increased by 6%, and the fair market rent has increased by 15%, after adjusting for inflation.5

INCOME. In Jackson County, a family of four with two full-time wage earners needs to earn a combined annual salary of $49,927 to afford the basic cost of living.6 The median household income for Jackson County was $48,552 in 2008.7

JOBS. 44% of jobs in Jackson County and counties nearby pay less than the regional wage required to afford basic needs.8 In April 2010, the unemployment rate in Jackson County was 4.4%, compared to 5.1% in 2009 and 2.9% in 2005.9

Foreclosures in Minnesota

• From 2005-2009 in Jackson County, there were 83 foreclosures. Of these, 13 occurred in 2009.10
• Almost 8% of primary mortgages in Minnesota were delinquent by 60 days or more by early 2010.11
• The most common reason people sought foreclosure counseling in 2009 was loss or reduction of income.12

Homelessness in Minnesota

• On a single day in 2009, 270 people were known to be homeless in the Southwest Region, including 150 children and youth through age 21.13
• An estimated 13,100 Minnesotans are homeless on any given night. The number of homeless people identified increased by 25% from 2006 to 2009.14
• The largest increase in homelessness from 2006 to 2009 was among young adults (18-21). Youth aged 12-21 saw the largest increase in likelihood of being turned away from a shelter.15

Extreme Cost Burden

• Approximately 11% of renter households pay at least half of their income on housing in Jackson County.16
• For homeowner households in Jackson County, 3% pay at least half of their income on housing.17